

Revision Date 03/14/2024 Print Date 03/14/2024

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Sikalastic®-726 Balcony One Shot Part A

Company name : Sika Corporation

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USA

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Recommended use of the

chemical and restrictions on

use

For further information, refer to product data sheet.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 4

Skin irritation : Category 2

Eye irritation : Category 2A

Respiratory sensitization : Category 1

Skin sensitization : Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :





Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.



Revision Date 03/14/2024 Print Date 03/14/2024

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing diffi-

culties if inhaled.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

P284 Wear respiratory protection.

Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/

doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ atten-

P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a

POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before

reuse.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Additional Labeling

There are no ingredients with unknown acute toxicity used in a mixture at a concentration >= 1%.

Other hazards

Intentional misuse by deliberate concentration and inhalation of vapor may be harmful or fatal.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentra- tion (% w/w)
propylene carbonate	108-32-7	Eye Irrit. 2A; H319	>= 5 - < 10
Isophorondiisocyanate homopoly-	53880-05-0	Skin Sens. 1B; H317	>= 1 - < 5



Revision Date 03/14/2024 Print Date 03/14/2024

mer		STOT SE 3; H335	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	64742-47-8	Flam. Liq. 3; H226	>= 1 - < 5
light		Skin Irrit. 2; H315	
		STOT SE 3; H336	
		Asp. Tox. 1; H304	
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-	4098-71-9	Acute Tox. 1; H330	>= 1 - < 5
trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate		Skin Corr. 1C; H314	
		Eye Dam. 1; H318	
		Resp. Sens. 1; H334	
		Skin Sens. 1; H317	
		STOT SE 3; H335	
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	4394-85-8	Skin Sens. 1; H317	>= 0.1 - < 1
4,4`-Methylenediphenyl diisocya-	25686-28-6	Acute Tox. 4; H332	>= 0.1 - < 1
nate, oligomers		Skin Irrit. 2; H315	
		Eye Irrit. 2B; H320	
		Eye Irrit. 2A; H319	
		Resp. Sens. 1; H334	
		Skin Sens. 1; H317	
		STOT SE 3; H335	
		STOT RE 2; H373	

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician.

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attend-

ance.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Consult a physician after significant exposure.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Remove contact lenses.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Obtain medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

irritant effects sensitizing effects Asthmatic appearance

Respiratory disorder



Revision Date 03/14/2024 Print Date 03/14/2024

Allergic reactions

Excessive lachrymation

Erythema Headache **Dermatitis**

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Harmful if inhaled.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul-

ties if inhaled.

Treat symptomatically. Notes to physician

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Further information Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Personal precautions, protec- : Use personal protective equipment.

Deny access to unprotected persons.

Environmental precautions Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

fire and explosion

Advice on protection against : Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Advice on safe handling Avoid formation of aerosol.



Revision Date 03/14/2024 Print Date 03/14/2024

Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8).

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. For personal protection see section 8.

Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical products.

Conditions for safe storage

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage.

Store in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Distillates (petroleum), hy- drotreated light	64742-47-8	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH
		TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA P0
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	4098-71-9	TWA	0.005 ppm	OSHA P0
		STEL	0.02 ppm	OSHA P0
4,4`-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers	25686-28-6	TWA	0.005 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	0.005 ppm	ACGIH
		С	0.02 ppm 0.2 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		С	0.02 ppm 0.2 mg/m3	OSHA P0

The above constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

Engineering measures : Use of adequate ventilation should be sufficient to control

worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If the use of this product generates dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use pro-



Revision Date 03/14/2024 Print Date 03/14/2024

cess enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use a properly fitted NIOSH approved air-purifying or air-fed

respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk as-

sessment indicates this is necessary.

The filter class for the respirator must be suitable for the max-

imum expected contaminant concentration

(gas/vapor/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If this concentration is exceeded, self-

contained breathing apparatus must be used.

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an

approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is nec-

essary.

Eye protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should

be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concen-

tration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the spe-

cific work-place.

Hygiene measures : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling

the product.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment

before entering eating areas. Wash thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Color : various

Odor : mild

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : Not applicable

Melting point/range / Freezing :

point

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flash point : $> 199.99 \,^{\circ}\text{F} / > 93.33 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

6 / 14

No data available



Revision Date 03/14/2024 Print Date 03/14/2024

(Method: closed cup)

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : 0.04 hpa

Relative vapor density : No data available

Density : ca. 1.12 g/cm3 (74.7 °F / 23.7 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : > 20.5 mm2/s (104 °F / 40 °C)

Explosive properties : No data available

Oxidizing properties : No data available

Volatile organic compounds

: 42 g/l

(VOC) content

A+B+C Combined

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability : The product is chemically stable.

Possibility of hazardous reac- :

tions

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Conditions to avoid : No data available

7 / 14



Revision Date 03/14/2024 Print Date 03/14/2024

Incompatible materials : No data available

Hazardous decomposition

products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Harmful if inhaled.

Components:

3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 4,814 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0.031 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rat): > 7,000 mg/kg

4,4`-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: 1.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgment

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 9,400 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Sikalastic®-726 Balcony One Shot Part A

Revision Date 03/14/2024 Print Date 03/14/2024

Carcinogenicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

IARC Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Titanium dioxide (> 10 μ m) 13463-67-7

Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Carbon black 1333-86-4

OSHA Not applicable

NTP Not applicable

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

STOT-single exposure

Not classified due to lack of data.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified due to lack of data.

Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

Further information

Product:

Remarks : Carbon black (1333-86-4)

Animal Toxicity:

Rat, oral, duration 2 year

Effect: no tumors

Mouse, oral, duration 2 years

Effect: no tumors

Mouse, dermal, duration 18 months

Effect: no skin tumors

Rat, inhalation, duration 2 years

Target organ: lungs

Effect: inflammation, fibrosis, tumors

Note: Tumors in the rat lung are considered to be related to the "particle overload phenomenon" rather than to a specific chemical effect of carbon black itself in the lung. These effects in rats have been reported in many studies on other poorly soluble inorganic particles and appear to be rat specific. Tumors have not been observed in other species (i.e., mouse and hamster) for carbon black or other poorly soluble particles under similar circumstances and study conditions. Mortality studies (human data): A study on carbon black production workers in the UK (Sorahan, 2001) found an increased risk of lung cancer in two of the five plant studied; however, the increase was not related to the dose of carbon black. Thus, the authors did not consider the increased risk in



Revision Date 03/14/2024 Print Date 03/14/2024

lung cancer to be due to carbon black exposure. A German study of carbon black workers at one plant (Morfeld, 2006: Buechte, 2006) found a similar increase in lung cancer risk but, like the Sorohan, 2001 (UK study) found no association with carbon black exposure. A large US study of 18 plants showed a reduction in lung cancer risk in carbon black production workers (DEII, 2006). Based upon these studies, the February 2006 Working Group at the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) concluded that the human evidence for carcinogenicity was inadequate (IARC, 2010). Since the IARC evaluation of carbon black, Sorahan and Harrington (2007) have re-analyzed the UK study data using an alternative exposure hypothesis and found a positive association with carbon black exposure in two of the five plants. The same exposure hypothesis was applied by Morfeld and McCunney (2009) to the German cohort; in contrast, they found no association between carbon black exposure and lung cancer risk and, thus, no support for the alternative exposure hypothesis used by Sorahan and Harrington. Overall, as a result of these detailed investigations, no causative link between carbon black exposure and cancer risk in humans has been demonstrated.

IARC CANCER CLASSIFICATION: In 2006 IARC re-affirmed its 1995 finding that there is "inadequate evidence" from human health studies to assess whether carbon black causes cancer in humans. IARC concluded that there is "sufficient evidence" in experimental animal studies for the carcinogenicity of carbon black. IARC's overall evaluation is that carbon black is "possibly carcinogenic to humans" (Group 2B)". This conclusion was based on IARC's guidelines, which generally require such a classification if one species exhibits carcinogenicity in two or more animal studies (IARC, 2010).

Solvent extracts of carbon black were used in one study of rats in which skin tumors were found after dermal application and several studies of mice in which sarcomas were found following subcutaneous injection. IARC concluded that there was "sufficient evidence" that carbon black extracts can cause cancer in animals (Group 2B).

ICGIH CANCER CLASSIFICATION: Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans (Category A3 Carcinogen).

ASSESSMENT: Applying the guidelines of self-classification under the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals, carbon black is not classified as a carcinogen. Lung tumors are induced in rats as a result of repeated exposure to inert, poorly soluble particles like carbon black and other poorly soluble particles. Rats tumors are a result of a secondary non-genotoxic mechanism that has questionable relevance for classification in humans. In support of this opinion, the CLP Guidance for Specific Target Organ



Revision Date 03/14/2024 Print Date 03/14/2024

Toxicity - Repeated Exposure (STOT-RE), cites lung overload under mechanisms not relevant to humans. Human health studies show that exposure to carbon black does not increase the risk to carcinogenicity.

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)

In lifetime inhalation studies of rats, airborne respirable-size titanium dioxide particles have shown to cause an increase in lung tumors at concentrations associated with substantial particle lung burdens and consequential pulmonary overload and inflammation. The potential for these adverse health effects appears to be closely related to the particle size and the amount of the exposed surface area that comes into contact with the lung. However, tests with other laboratory animals such as mice and hamsters, indicate that rats are significantly more susceptible to the pulmonary overload and inflammation that causes lung cancer. Epidemiological studies do not suggest an increased risk of cancer in humans from occupational exposure to titanium dioxide. Titanium dioxide has been characterized by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B) through inhalation (not ingestion). It has not been characterized as a potential carcinogen by either NTP or OSHA.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

No data available

Persistence and degradability

No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological infor-

mation

Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material and its con-

tainer in a safe way.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with

soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should

at all times comply with the requirements of environmental



Revision Date 03/14/2024 Print Date 03/14/2024

protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional

local authority requirements.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA list : All chemical substances in this product are either listed as ac-

tive on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA

Inventory exemption.

The following substance(s) is/are subject to a Significant New Use Rule:

triphenyl phosphate 115-86-6 See 40 CFR 721.11780; Proposed

Rule

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Listed substances in the product are at low enough levels to not be expected to exceed the RQ

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ (lbs)
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl	4098-71-9	500
isocyanate		

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component TPQ (lbs)
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-	4098-71-9	500
trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate		

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation



Revision Date 03/14/2024 Print Date 03/14/2024

SARA 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels es-

tablished by SARA Title III, Section 313:

3- 4098-71-9 >= 1 - < 5 %

isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate

Clean Air Act

This product does not contain any hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112 (40 CFR 61).

California Prop. 65

⚠

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

OSHA P0 : USA. Table Z-1-A Limits for Air Contaminants (1989 vacated

values)

OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-

its for Air Contaminants

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average OSHA P0 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average OSHA P0 / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

OSHA P0 / C : Ceiling limit

OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

OSHA Z-1 / C : Ceiling

Notes to Reader

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Revision Date 03/14/2024 Print Date 03/14/2024

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Revision Date 03/14/2024

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